

# Meeting Minutes Town of North Hampton Zoning Board of Adjustment November 25, 2014 at 6:30pm Town Hall, 231 Atlantic Avenue North Hampton, NH 03862

8 9 10 11	These Minutes were prepared as a reasonable summary of the essential content of the Meeting, not as a transcription. All exhibits mentioned, or incorporated by reference, in these Minutes are a part of the official Case Record and available for inspection at the Town Offices.
12	Attendance:
13 14 15	<b>Members present:</b> David Buber, Chair; Phelps Fullerton, Vice Chair, Charles Gordon and Lisa Wilson.
16 17	Members absent: George Lagassa.
18 19	Alternates present: Jonathan Pinette and Robin Reid.
20 21	Administrative Staff present: Wendy Chase, Recording Secretary.
22 23	Preliminary Matters; Procedure; Swearing in of Witnesses (RSA 673:14 and 15); Recording Secretary Report
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25 26	Chair Buber Called the Meeting to Order at 6:30 p.m.
27 28 29 30	<u>Pledge of Allegiance -</u> Chair Buber invited the Board Members and those in attendance to rise for a Pledge of Allegiance and noted that reciting the Pledge of Allegiance is solely for those who choose to do so and failure, neglect or inability to do so will have no bearing on the decision making of the Board or the rights of an individual to appear before, and request relief from, the Board.
31 32 33 34	Introduction of Members and Alternates - Chair Buber introduced Members of the Board and the Alternates who were present (as identified above).
34 35 36	Chair Buber seated Mrs. Reid for Mr. Lagassa.
37 38 39 40	<u>Recording Secretary Report -</u> Ms. Chase reported that the November 25, 2014 Meeting <u>Agenda</u> was properly published in the November 13, 2014 edition of the <u>Portsmouth Herald</u> , and, posted at the Library, Town Clerk's Office, Town Office and on the Town's website.
40 41 42	Chair Buber then briefly explained the Board's operating <u>Rules and Procedures</u> to those present.

- <u>Swearing In Of Witnesses –</u> Pursuant to <u>RSA 673: 14 and 15</u>, Chair Buber swore in all those who were
   present and who intended to act as witnesses and/or offer evidence to the Board in connection with any
- 45 Case or matter to be heard at the Meeting.
- 46

## 47 **Minutes – October 28, 2014**

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- 49 Mr. Fullerton moved and Mr. Gordon seconded the motion to approve the October 28, 2014 as
- 50 distributed by the Recording Secretary.
- 51 The vote passed in favor of the motion (3 in favor, o opposed and 2 abstentions). Mrs. Wilson and
- 52 Mrs. Reid abstained.
- 53

# 54 Unfinished Business

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56 1. 2014:10 – Applicant Jarrod Patten, 1 Fern Road, North Hampton, NH 03862. Owner: Same as 57 Applicant; Property location: 1 Fern Road, North Hampton, NH 03862; M/L: 008-023-001; 58 Zoning District: R-1 Residential High Density. The Applicant requests the following variances: 59 1). Article IV, Section 405.3 to allow an accessory apartment of 871 square-feet within the 60 existing single-family dwelling, that does not meet the provisions of a Special Exception under 61 Article V, Section 513 – Accessory Apartments; 2). Article IV, Section 406 – Yard and Lot 62 requirements, to allow an accessory apartment on a lot less than 2-acres; 3). Article V, Section 63 501.2 - non-conforming use, to allow the expansion of a non-conforming use to allow an 64 accessory apartment, and 4). Article V, Section 501.5 – non-conforming use, to allow the 65 expansion of a use that does not meet current zoning. Relief from Article IV, Section 405.3 has 66 been continued from the October 28, 2014 Meeting. The added relief requested is "New 67 Business" before the Board.

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- 69 In attendance for this application:
- 70 Jarrod Patten, Owner/Applicant
- 71 Attorney Bernard Pelech, Counsel to the Owner/Applicant
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- 73 Mr. Fullerton read the case description into the record.
- 74
- 75 Attorney Pelech explained that the case was continued because there was discussion on whether or not
- the Applicant applied for sufficient variances for the Board to render a decision. They had applied for a
- 77 variance to <u>Article IV, Section 405.3</u> in the beginning because the proposal did not satisfy the criteria of
- 78 <u>Article V, Section 513</u> Accessory Apartments by Special Exception, specifically that the proposed
- apartment is slightly larger; the lot is not the sufficient lot size, and the building didn't exist when the
- 80 Ordinance was enacted, so because the proposed accessory apartment did not meet all of the criteria
- 81 under <u>Article V, Section 513</u>, they could not apply for a Special Exception. He explained that he was
- 82 informed by Ms. Chase that she received a legal opinion from the Local Government Center stating that
- 83 an applicant cannot seek variance relief from criteria of a Special Exception; all criteria of a Special
- 84 Exception has to be satisfied in order for the Board to approve it.85
- 86 Attorney Pelech applied for variances he thought were relevant to the proposal, as follows:
- 87 <u>Article IV, Section 406</u> Yard and Lot requirements table The lot is less than the required two acres
- 88 but, is a lot of record that is also a non-conforming lot.

- 89 Article V, Section 501.2 – to expand a non-conforming use on a lot that has less than two acres, which is 90 basically the same relief as the previous variance request. 91 Article V, Section 501.5 – for the extension of a use that doesn't meet current zoning; the lot is non-
- 92 conforming as to lot size.
- 93
- 94 Chair Buber asked if Attorney Pelech planned to request relief from Article V, Sections 513.1, 513.2 and 95 513.5 as referenced in the current application.
- 96
- 97 Attorney Pelech said he did not, because he was advised that he could not request a variance from 98 provisions of a Special Exception. He requested relief from Article IV, Section 405.3 for that reason.
- 99
- 100 Attorney Pelech said that it is his belief that the Application meets the five (5) criteria necessary for the 101 Board to grant the requested variances.
- 102
- Mr. Pelech addressed the five (5) criteria of the Variance Test: 103
- 104

#### 105 1. Granting this variance will not be contrary to the public interest nor, would

106 2. Granting this variance the spirit of the ordinance is observed.

- 107 108 Granting the variance would not be contrary to the public interest, nor would it be contrary to the spirit 109 and intent of the ordinance. The Supreme Court basically consolidated the two criteria giving the single 110 either/or test, which requires the applicant to demonstrate that by granting the variance it would not 111 result in a substantial change in the characteristics of the neighborhood, or threaten public health, 112 safety, and welfare, and if the Board agreed, then granting the variance would not be contrary to the 113 public interest, and granting the variance would be consistent with the spirit and intent of the 114 ordinance. Allowing an accessory apartment at this location will not alter the characteristics of the 115 neighborhood. He said that the property is next door to four commercial apartments and abuts the I-B/R 116 District. The accessory apartment will not threaten the public's health, safety or welfare. Allowing an 117 accessory apartment is a good transitional use of this property that is surrounded by commercial 118 properties.
- 119
- 120

#### 121 3. Granting this variance substantial justice is done.

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123 The hardship upon the owner, were the variance to be denied, is not outweighed by any benefit to the 124 general public. Granting the variance will alleviate the hardship to the applicant; he is disabled and the 125 structure is large enough to contain a second unit. It would not result in any overcrowding of the land 126 or overintensification of the land. The footprint meets all of the setback requirements of the Zoning 127 Ordinance and the second dwelling will not affect traffic, and it won't generate undue demand on 128 public services. There seems to be no reason set forth in the ordinance as to why the structure must 129 have existed in 1990 in order to qualify for a Special Exception as an accessory apartment. 130 Furthermore, although the property does not meet the dimensional requirements for the zone, the fact 131 that an accessory apartment exists would certainly not result in overcrowding of the lot. 132

133

### 4. Granting this variance the values of surrounding properties are not diminished. 134

135 Granting the variance shall not result in a diminishment of values of surrounding properties; the appearance of the structure will not change; there is adequate parking on the site; there is adequateopen space, and no overcrowding from adjacent properties.

138

# 139 5. By not granting this variance, literal enforcement of the provisions of the Ordinance would result in 140 an unnecessary hardship.

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There are special conditions with regard to this property given its location so close to Route 1. It is surrounded by commercial uses. It will not add stress to the highway system and will not over-intensify the use of the property. Because of the surrounding commercial uses and the location of the lot, the lot has special conditions such that to literally enforce the ordinance to prohibit the accessory apartment would result in an unnecessary hardship. This is not a case of an individual attempting to put an accessory apartment in a residential subdivision or a strictly residential area. Given the property's location and surrounded uses, this is certainly a reasonable use.

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Mr. Pelech said that, it is the Applicant's belief, that the variances requested meet the five (5) criterianecessary for the Board to grant them.

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Mr. Pelech said that the property is located in the R-1 zoning district and is surrounded by the I-B/Rzoning district.

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156 Chair Buber referred to the application submitted by Mr. Pelech, specifically, the relief request from 157 <u>Article IV, Section 405.3</u> to allow an accessory apartment that doesn't meet the provisions of a Special

158 Exception under <u>Article V, Section 513</u>. He believed <u>Article V, Section 513</u> comes into play, and relief

should be requested from the provisions the proposal doesn't satisfy. He referred to the definition of

Accessory Apartments, <u>Article III, Section 302.1</u> – *one dwelling unit, located within a single-family* 

- 161 dwelling that is clearly subordinate to the principal dwelling and meets the conditions set forth in Section162 513.
- 163

Mr. Gordon said that unless the applicant meets the provisions under <u>Article V, Section 513</u> a Special Exception cannot be granted. He said that the proposal before the Board would not be considered an accessory apartment according the definition under <u>Article III, Section 302.1</u>; therefore it is not permitted, and in order to do something that is not permitted you apply for a variance, and the

- 168 provision that doesn't permit it, is <u>Article IV, Section 405.3</u>.
- 169
  170 Ms. Chase received an opinion from the Local Government Center that a variance cannot be sought on
  171 provisions of a Special Exception. She relayed that information to Attorney Pelech when he applied for
  172 the variance.
- 173

174 Chair Buber opened the Public Hearing to all those in favor of the variances requested, neutral to the175 variances requested ,or opposed to the variances requested.

- 176
- 177 There was no public comment.
- 178
- 179 Chair Buber closed the Public Hearing.
- 180
- 181 Board Deliberation
- 182

183 Mrs. Wilson said that after listening to all of the evidence she did not believe special conditions exist. 184 The property is close to the I-B/R district, but is not in the I-B/R district. The subject lot is half an acre 185 and the lot size requirement is two acres. The applicant has use of the property and has already been 186 granted variances in the past. The Applicant was also allowed to build his single family home in 2005 on 187 a half acre when two acre lot requirements were in effect. She referred to Chester Rod and Gun Club, Inc. v. Town of Chester. She said that the proposal is not in the Spirit and Intent of the Ordinance, 188 189 because essentially the Board would be granting a multi-family dwelling on a half acre lot. She 190 referenced an opinion from Peter Loughlin in NH Practice Land Use and Zoning, third edition, the court 191 must decide if the property is uniquely burdened as compared to other similarly situated properties. If it 192 affects a number of similarly situated properties, the proper remedy is an amendment to the Zoning 193 Ordinance. The Applicant must prove that the hardship is a unique condition of the property and not the 194 general area. This Applicant is already living on the property and there have been variances granted on 195 this non-conforming lot. She doesn't see any evidence there are unique conditions just because it is a 196 .45 acre lot close to the I-B/R District. The purpose of the ordinance is not to increase density, and this 197 proposal would increase the density, and that is contrary to the basic objectives of the Zoning 198 Ordinance; it is a drastic departure from the Zoning Ordinance. 199 200 Chair Buber concurred with Mrs. Wilson but added that in Chester Rod and Gun Club, Inc. v. Town of 201 Chester, the Supreme Court set forth two tests to whether the ordinance's basic objectives would be 202 violated (this deals with the first prong contrary to public interst): 203 Test 1: the variance would not alter the essential character of the neighborhood; 204 Test 2: the variance would not threaten the public health, safety and welfare. The second prong is: 205 "would granting the variance be consistent with the Spirit of the Ordinance", and referred to Malachy-206 Glen Associates, Inc. v. Town of Chichester, March 20, 2007, the court determined that if the variance 207 doesn't alter the essential character of the locality and doesn't threaten the public health, safety and 208 welfare, then it would be consistent with the Spirit of the Ordinance; the Supreme Court has essentially 209 tied the two prongs together. 210 211 Mrs. Wilson referred to <u>RSA 674:33</u> Powers of the Board of Adjustment – unnecessary hardship shall be 212 related to special conditions that remain unchanged, and she doesn't believe there are special 213 conditions of subject property. 214 Mrs. Reid said that she agrees with Mrs. Wilson, and she too reviewed Chester Rod and Gun Club, Inc. v. 215 216 Town of Chester. She said there doesn't seem like there is a hardship because the applicant is using the 217 property. 218 219 Mr. Gordon asked if he could ask Attorney Pelech if there were other variances. 220 221 Chair Buber said that it's possible to reopen the Public Hearing, but the Board is in the middle of 222 deliberations, and if they reopened the Public Hearing, they would have to re-notice it. 223 224 Mr. Gordon did not want the Chair to reopen the Public Hearing. He discovered he had copies of the 225 variances in his packet. He said that in his opinion an 871 square-foot apartment did not constitute a 226 multi-family residence. He said that it is relevant to note that this is a mixed use, or transitional 227 neighborhood, and in his view, the presence of a fully enclosed small apartment within this dwelling, 228 that doesn't change the appearance of the exterior, does not do the kind of violence to the intents and

229 230	purposes of the ordinances that would make granting the variance improper. He believes the five (5) criteria of the variances requested have been met.
231	
232	Chair Buber agreed that this doesn't constitute multiple dwellings on a single lot. An accessory
233	apartment is subordinate to the primary dwelling. He concurs with Mr. Gordon on that point.
234	
235	Mr. Fullerton doesn't see it as an accessory apartment simply because of the definition (Section 302.1),
236	because it doesn't meet the conditions under Section 513. He views it as a multiple dwelling.
237	
238	It was determined that the construction of the house in 2005 on a lot less than the required two-acres
239	did not require a variance; the lot was a lot of record.
240	
241	Mr. Fullerton said he was grappling with the hardship issue. He said he has looked at the property and
242	has a hard time seeing its unique setting in its environment that creates an unnecessary hardship. He
243	said he doesn't see that the application has made the case for the unnecessary hardship criterion.
244	
245	Mr. Fullerton doesn't believe it meets the first two criteria of the variance test, even though the
246	language from the Supreme Courts says it does. He said if the lot was 1.8 acres and in the I-B/R, and did
247	not unduly and to a marked degree conflict with the ordinance, the proposal would be more acceptable
248	to him. He based his decision on the fact that he doesn't believe the property to be unique, and that it
249	doesn't support unnecessary hardship.
250	
251	Chair Buber said that based on the rulings by the Supreme Court, he believes the application meets the
252	first and second prongs of the variance test. He said he is "iffy" on the third prong – will substantial
253	<i>justice be done</i> – the surrounding lots have 1/3 to a little over one acre per lot and even though they
254	decide cases individually, if everyone in that area wanted an accessory apartment, he doesn't see that
255	would be in the spirit of the ordinance. He was not sure if allowing an accessory apartment would
256	diminish surrounding properties; there was no testimony either way regarding property value. He said
257	he doesn't see where the application meets the 5 <sup>th</sup> prong – hardship, and would have to vote not to
258	approve the variances requested, based on the hardship aspect.
259	
260	Mr. Gordon said that he would be inclined to vote in favor of the application.
261	
262	Mr. Gordon moved to grant the variances as requested for Case 2014:10. There was no second to the
263	motion. The motion failed.
264	
265	Mr. Fullerton moved and Mr. Buber seconded the motion that Case #2014:10, Applicant Jarrod Patten,
266	that the variances requested, as indicated in the application, be denied because it does not meet the
267	unnecessary hardship criterion.
268	
269	Mrs. Wilson asked if they should also add in the motion that it doesn't meet the Spirit and Intent of the
270	Ordinance. Chair Buber thought that by adding that they would be going down a "slippery slope".
271	
272	The vote was passed in favor of the motion (4 in favor, 1 opposed and 0 abstention).
273	Chain Duhan namindad tha Analizzat af tha 20 days a surely stick a surely
274	Chair Buber reminded the Applicant of the 30-day appeal period process.
275	

## 276 New Business

## 277

- 2014:12 Applicants Sharon and Horace Rommelman, 4-2 George's Lane, Fremont, NH 03844.
   Owners: Everett and Susan Allen, 242 Atlantic Avenue, North Hampton, NH and Jeff
   DiBartolomeo, 244 Atlantic Avenue, North Hampton, NH; Property location; 242 and 244
   Atlantic Avenue, North Hampton, NH; M/L 008-096 and 008-097: Zoning District R-1
   Residential High Density. The Applicants request a variance to Article IV, Sections 406 Yard
   and lot requirements to allow the proposed lot line adjustment between the properties at 242
- 284 and 244 Atlantic Avenue.285
- 286 In attendance for this application:
- 287 Attorney Steve Ells, Counsel to the Rommelmans, prior owners of 242 Atlantic Avenue and the Allens,
- 288 current owners of 242 Atlantic Avenue
- 289 Everett and Susan Allen, owners of 242 Atlantic Avenue
- 290 Attorney Eric Maher, Counsel to Jeff DiBartolomeo
- 291 Jeff DiBartolomeo, Owner of 244 Atlantic Avenue
- 292
- 293 Mr. Fullerton read the Case description into the record.
- 294
- Attorney Ells explained that in 1972 the then owner, Timothy Amborse, built an addition consisting of a small apartment at 242 Atlantic Avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Rommelman purchased the property at 242 Atlantic Avenue in 1990. Mr. Charles Lamprey owned the property at 244 Atlantic Avenue and in the party 1000s built a garage, at that point he had the property surveyed and discovered that a partien of
- early 1990s built a garage; at that point he had the property surveyed and discovered that a portion of
   the Rommelman's building and driveway encroached onto his property. The Rommelman's applied for a
- 300 lot line adjustment with the Planning Board and attended the first meeting on November 2, 1992; the
- 301 meeting was continued to November 16, 1992 and then again to December 7, 1992. There was no one
- 302 present at the meeting; therefore the Planning Board did not act on it. The Rommelman's planned to
- sell the property at 242 Atlantic Avenue in 2014 and applied for a lot line adjustment with the Planning
- Board. The Planning Board approved the lot line adjustment application on September 2, 2014, with
   conditions. The plan was recorded at the Registry of Deeds on September 18, 2014; Plan #C38446. The
- 306 property was resurveyed, and it was discovered that the structures located on the property did not 307 meet the required setbacks in the Zoning Ordinance.
- 308
- Attorney Ells said that in 1972 there were setback requirements, and a portion of the addition and entire driveway was built on the adjacent property; 244 Atlantic Avenue.
- 311
- Chair Buber asked why the Applicant's did not apply for an Equitable Waiver instead of a Variance sincethe encroachment has been there since 1972.
- 314
- Attorney Ells said that if he did that he would be asking to leave everything the way it is and essentially have the Board "bless it", but since he was creating something new he had to take the Variance route.
- Chair Buber commented that the discovery of the encroachment in 1992 negated the Equitable Waiver
  route.
- 321 Attorney Ells said that by granting the Variance it will make the lot less non-conforming.
- 322

320

323 324	Attorney Ells addressed the five criteria of the Variance Test:
325	1. Granting this variance will not be contrary to the public interest.
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327	The granting of the variance will not be contrary to the public interest because the proposed use is
328	residential in a zone which permits residential uses and has existed for over twenty (20) years. The
329	proposed lot line adjustment shall eliminate the encroachment and make the lot at 242 Atlantic Avenue
330	much less non-conforming.
331	
332	2. Granting this variance the spirit of the ordinance is observed.
333	
334	The granting of the variance will be consistent with the spirit of the ordinance because the variance shall
335	allow for a reasonable use of the property at 242 Atlantic Avenue without harm to the public or private
336	rights of others.
337	
338	3. Granting this variance substantial justice is done.
339	
340	Substantial justice shall be done by granting the variance; on balance, the harm to be suffered by the
341	applicant, if the variance is not granted, shall far outweigh any benefit to the public if the ordinance is
342	strictly enforced in this circumstance.
343	
344	4. Granting this variance the values of surrounding properties are not diminished.
345	
346	The granting of the variance shall not result in a diminishment of values of surrounding properties; the
347	land has been laid out and used in the fashion proposed for over the past twenty (20) years. The
348	variance shall just allow the parties to document and formalize this use.
349	
350	5. By not granting this variance, literal enforcement of the provisions of the Ordinance would result in
351	an unnecessary hardship.
352	
353	The homes at 242 and 244 Atlantic Avenue have been in their current locations for many years but the
354	required 25-foot side setback cannot be achieved without the relocation of a structure. The neighbors
355	are attempting to correct the situation by a land swap and lot line relocation, but require a variance to
356	be able to proceed with the proposed correction.
357	Chain Duber commented that he reviewed the DVD recording of the Contember 2, 2014 Departure Decad
358	Chair Buber commented that he reviewed the DVD recording of the September 2, 2014 Planning Board
359	meeting when they approved the lot line adjustment, and has no issue with variance requested.
360	My Fulleyten moved and Mys. Daid seconded the motion to envyous the Verience request for Case
361	Mr. Fullerton moved and Mrs. Reid seconded the motion to approve the Variance request for Case
362	#2014:12 to allow the 18.5-foot side setback where 25-feet is required.
363	The vote was unanimous in favor of the motion (5-0).
364 365	Ms. Chase reported that there was no "New" or "Unfinished" Business scheduled for the December 9,
365	•
365	2014 Zoning Board Meeting.
368	Mr. Buber moved and Mrs. Reid seconded the motion to cancel the December 9, 2014 Zoning Board of
369	Adjustment meeting due to lack of "New" and "Unfinished" Business before the Board.
203	Aujustinent meeting due to lack of new and ommissied dusiness before the board.

- The vote was unanimous in favor of the motion (5-0).
- 372 Chair Buber wished everyone Happy Holidays.
- 374 Mrs. Reid moved and Mr. Fullerton seconded the motion to adjourn the meeting at 7:50pm.
- 375 The vote was unanimous in favor of the motion (5-0).
- 376

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377 Respectfully submitted,

Approved February 24, 2015

- 378
- 379 Wendy V. Chase
- 380 Recording Secretary381
- 382
- 383